## THE TWENTY EXAM QUESTIONS

- 1 Discuss methods of measuring distances to Moon, Sun and planets.
- 2 Derive Kepler's law for circular motion.
- 3 Derive the escape velocity formula.
- 4 Calculate the gravitational energy of the Sun and show that it cannot be the source for solar luminosity.
- 5 Argue that the nuclear energy is sufficient to support solar luminosity.
- 6 Discuss methods of measuring distances to stars.
- 7 Discuss masses of stars.
- 8 Discuss types of astrophysical black holes.
- 9 Estimate the size of a black hole.
- 10 Discuss orbits of bodies in the Solar System using the effective potential method.
- 11 What is the observational evidence of the Dark Matter in our Galaxy?
- 12 In a particular galaxy the velocity curve is constant over a large range of radii, and equal 300km/sec at a particular radius of 10kpc in this range. Estimate the mass inside this radius.
- 13 Calculate the velocity curve (how velocity depends on radius) in a galaxy with constant density of mass.
- <sup>14</sup> Why a collision of with a 10<sup>15</sup> [g] black hole is not dangerous for the life on Earth? Support your arguments by some calculations.
- 15 Discuss difficulties in finding Dark Matter in our Galaxy.
- 16 Explain the moving cluster method for measuring distances.
- 17 Explain terms: intensity, flux, luminosity, frequency (for light).
- 18 Explain how do we measure radial velocities of distant objects.
- 19 What is the evidence for the Dark Energy in the Universe?
- 20 Discuss different cosmological models, with zero, positive, and negative curvature.