

Kap 33. - Lösningar

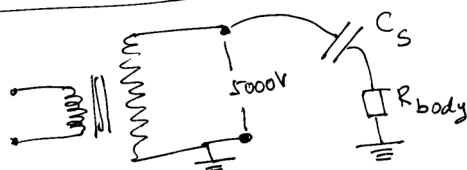
①

33.23

$$\begin{aligned} a) \quad X_L &= 2\pi fL = 2\pi \cdot 60 \cdot 0.460 = 173 \Omega \\ X_C &= \frac{1}{2\pi fC} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 60 \cdot 21 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 126 \Omega \\ \tan \phi &= \frac{X_L - X_C}{R} = \frac{173 - 126}{150} = 0.314 \\ \phi &= 0.304 \text{ rad} = \underline{17.4^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

b) Pga $X_L > X_C \Rightarrow \phi > 0 \Rightarrow$
spänningen leder före strömen.

33.24



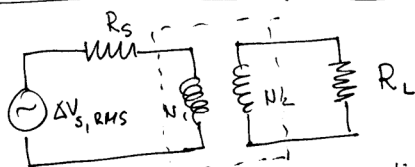
$$X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi fC} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 60 \cdot 20 \cdot 10^{-12}} = 1.33 \cdot 10^8 \Omega$$

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_C^2} = \sqrt{(50 \cdot 10^3)^2 + (1.33 \cdot 10^8)^2} \approx 1.33 \cdot 10^8 \Omega$$

$$I_{RMS} = \frac{\Delta V_{RMS}}{Z} = \frac{5000V}{1.33 \cdot 10^8 \Omega} = 3.77 \cdot 10^{-5} A$$

$$(\Delta V_{RMS})_{Kroppen} = I_{RMS} \cdot R_{body} = 3.77 \cdot 10^{-5} A \cdot 50 \cdot 10^3 \Omega = \underline{1.88V}$$

33.47



RMS spänningen i primärspolen är $\frac{N_1}{N_2} \Delta V_{2,RMS}$
 $\Rightarrow$ spänningskällans spänning måste vara:

$$\Delta V_{S,RMS} = I_{RMS} R_S + \frac{N_1}{N_2} \Delta V_{2,RMS}$$

⊗

strömmen i sekundära kretsen är

(2)

$$I_{2\text{ RMS}} = \frac{\Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}}{R_L}$$

då följer att strömmen i primära kretsen är:

$$I_{1\text{ RMS}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \frac{\Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}}{R_L}$$

De får vi från ekv. (*)

$$\Delta V_{S\text{ RMS}} = \frac{N_2 (\Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}) R_S}{N_1 \cdot R_L} + \frac{N_1 \Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}}{N_2}$$

$$\text{och } R_S = \frac{N_1 R_L}{N_2 \Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}} \left(\Delta V_{S\text{ RMS}} - \frac{N_1 \Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}}{N_2} \right)$$

$$R_S = \frac{5 \cdot 50 \Omega}{2 \cdot 25 \text{ V}} \left(80 \text{ V} - \frac{5 \cdot 25 \text{ V}}{2} \right) = \underline{\underline{87.5 \Omega}}$$

33.46 a) $\Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \Delta V_{1\text{ RMS}} \Rightarrow \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{\Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}}{\Delta V_{1\text{ RMS}}} = \frac{10 \cdot 10^3 \text{ V}}{120 \text{ V}} = \underline{\underline{83.3}}$

b) $I_{2\text{ RMS}} \cdot \Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}} = 0.900 I_{1\text{ RMS}} \cdot \Delta V_{1\text{ RMS}}$
 $I_{2\text{ RMS}} (10 \cdot 10^3 \text{ V}) = 0.900 \cdot \frac{120 \text{ V}}{24 \Omega} \cdot 120 \text{ V} \Rightarrow$
 $I_{2\text{ RMS}} = \underline{\underline{54.0 \mu\text{A}}}$

c) $Z_2 = \frac{\Delta V_{2\text{ RMS}}}{I_{2\text{ RMS}}} = \frac{10 \cdot 10^3 \text{ V}}{0.054 \text{ A}} = \underline{\underline{185 \text{ k}\Omega}}$