

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \vec{r} = \vec{v}_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2 \quad \vec{a} = 4\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} \quad \vec{v}_0 = 8\hat{i} + 12\hat{j}$$

$$y: \quad y = 12t - \frac{1}{2} 2t^2 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 12 - 2t = 0 \quad d_0 t = 6s$$

$$\text{vid } t=6s \quad \vec{v} = (8\hat{i} + 12\hat{j}) + (4\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}) \cdot 6 = 32\hat{i} + 12\hat{j} - 12\hat{j} = \underline{\underline{32\hat{i}}}$$

$$\vec{v} = \vec{v}_0 + \vec{a}t$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \Delta t_1 + \Delta t_2 + \Delta t_3 + \Delta t_4 = 25^\circ \text{C} \quad (1) \quad \begin{matrix} \downarrow t \\ \text{0}^\circ \text{C} \quad \boxed{k \quad 2k \quad 3k \quad 4k} \quad 25^\circ \text{C} \\ \alpha_1 \quad \alpha_2 \quad \alpha_3 \quad \alpha_4 \end{matrix}$$

värmeledare, $P = k \cdot S \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{l}$

samma flöde i alla delar

$$\Rightarrow k \cdot \Delta t_1 = 2k \cdot \Delta t_2 = 3k \cdot \Delta t_3 = 4k \cdot \Delta t_4 \Rightarrow \Delta t_2 = \frac{1}{2} \Delta t_1, \quad \Delta t_3 = \frac{1}{3} \Delta t_1, \quad \Delta t_4 = \frac{1}{4} \Delta t_1$$

ins. i (1)

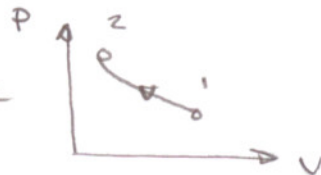
$$\Rightarrow \Delta t_1 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = 25 \Rightarrow \Delta t_1 \cdot \frac{25}{12} = 25 \Rightarrow \Delta t_1 = 12^\circ \text{C} \quad \therefore \Delta t_2 = 6^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\therefore t = 12 + 6 = \underline{\underline{18^\circ \text{C}}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \text{Adiabat: } pV^\gamma = \text{konst} \quad \gamma = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$V_1 = 200 \text{ l} \quad V_2 = 74,7 \text{ l} \quad P_1 = 1 \text{ atm} \quad T_1 = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$\therefore P_2 = P_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma} = 1 \cdot \left(\frac{200}{74,7}\right)^{7/5} = 3,98 \text{ atm}$$



Allm. gaslagen: $PV = nRT$

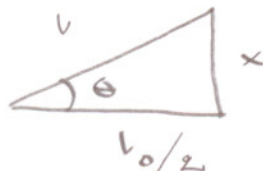
$$1 \cdot 200 = nR \cdot 300$$

$$3,98 \cdot 74,7 = nR T_2$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2 = 300 \cdot \frac{3,98 \cdot 74,7}{1 \cdot 200} = \underline{\underline{445 \text{ K}}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad l = \frac{l_0}{2} (1 + \alpha \cdot \Delta t)$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{l_0/2}{l_0/2 (1 + \alpha \cdot \Delta t)}$$



$$\alpha = 25 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$l_0/2 = 1,50 \text{ m}$$

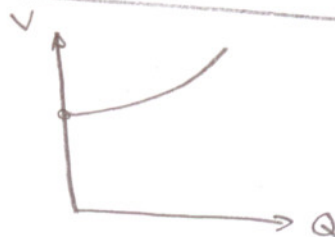
$$\Delta t = 32^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{x}{l_0/2} \Rightarrow x = \tan \theta \cdot \frac{l_0}{2} = 0,06 \text{ m} = \underline{\underline{6 \text{ cm}}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \text{Isoterm expansion: } Q = nRT \cdot \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$$

$$\text{avtärning: } V_f \approx 0,33 \text{ m}^3 \quad V_i = 0,20 \text{ m}^3$$

$$Q = 1200 \text{ J}$$



$$T = \frac{Q}{nR \cdot \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}} = \frac{1200}{0,825 \cdot 8,31 \cdot \ln \frac{0,33}{0,20}} = \underline{\underline{350 \text{ K}}}$$